

Drell-Yan experiments at Fermilab/RHIC/J-PARC

QCD Frontier 2013

Jefferson Lab

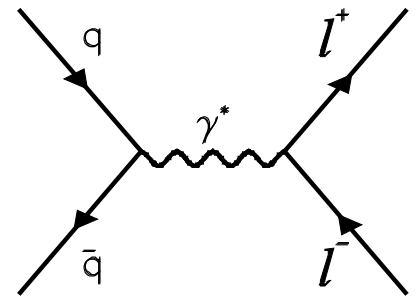
October 21, 2013

Yuji Goto (RIKEN)

Outline

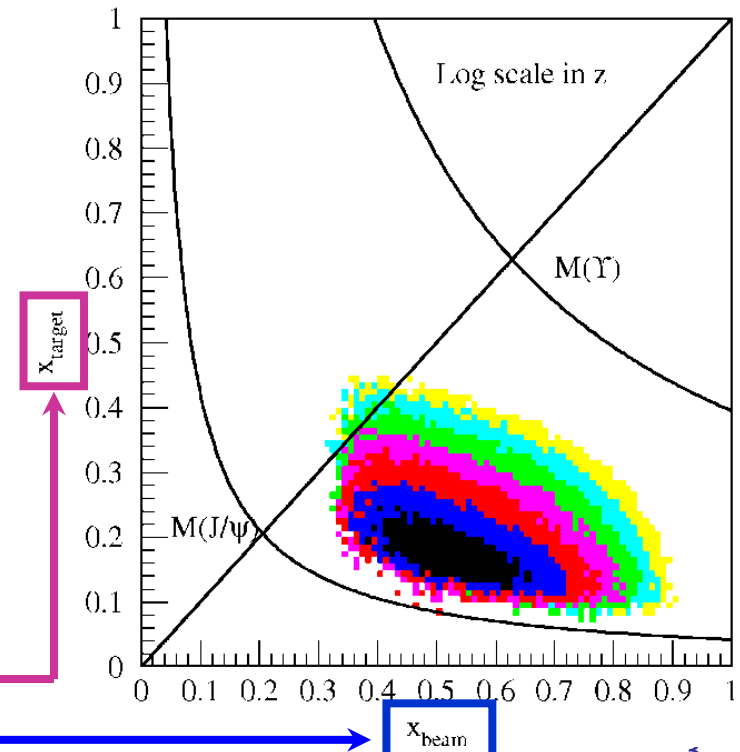
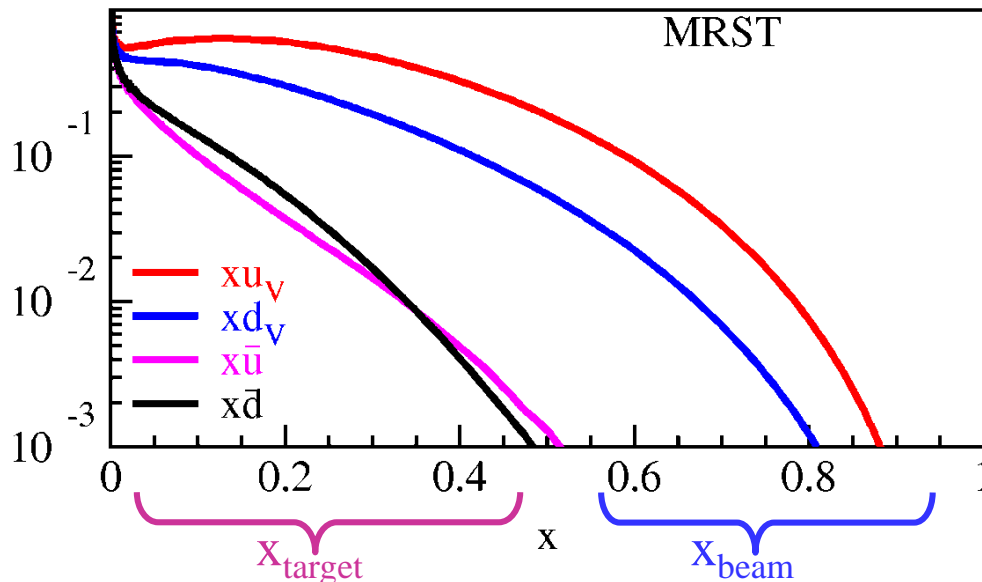
- Fermilab Drell-Yan experiments
 - Unpolarized program
 - Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark distribution
 - Boer-Mulders distribution
- Polarized Drell-Yan experiments
 - Polarized Drell-Yan proposals of Fermilab program
 - PHENIX upgrade program at RHIC
 - Possible J-PARC program

Drell-Yan experiments



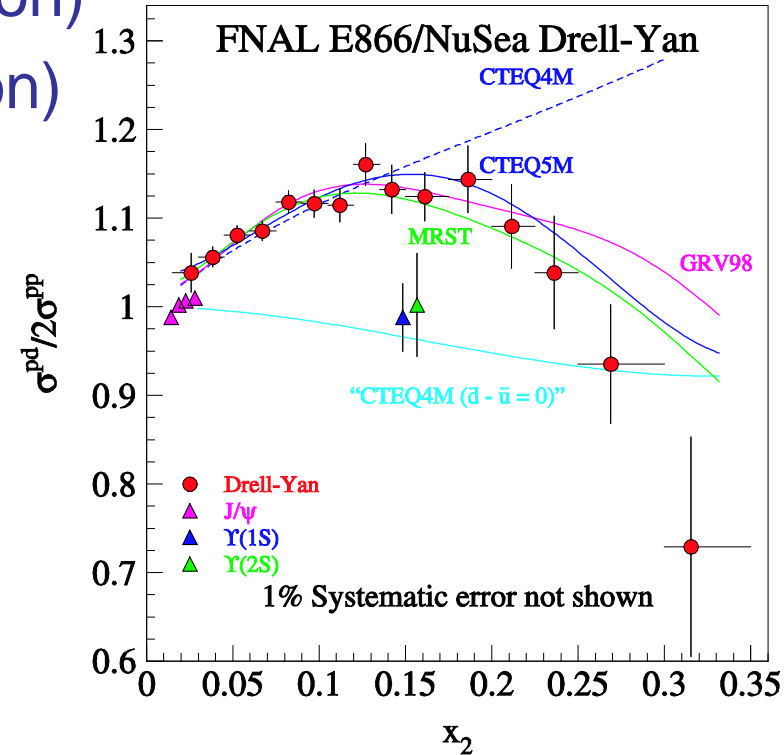
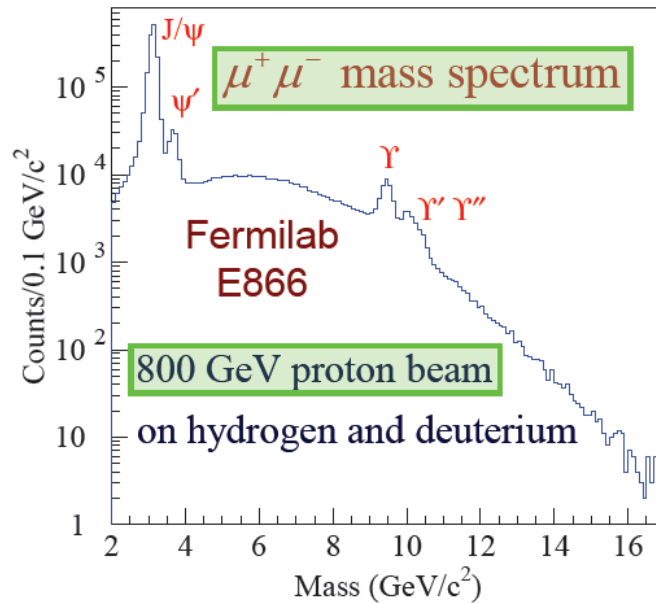
$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx_b dx_t} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{x_b x_t s} \sum_{q \in \{u, d, s, \dots\}} e_q^2 [\bar{q}_t(x_t) q_b(x_b) + \bar{q}_b(x_b) q_t(x_t)]$$

- Fixed target experiment (e.g. at Fermilab)
 - forward detector acceptance chooses large x_b and small x_t



Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark distribution

- Fermilab-E866/NuSea experiment
 - $E_{beam} = 800$ GeV (from Tevatron)
 - $x = 0.01 - 0.35$ (valence region)



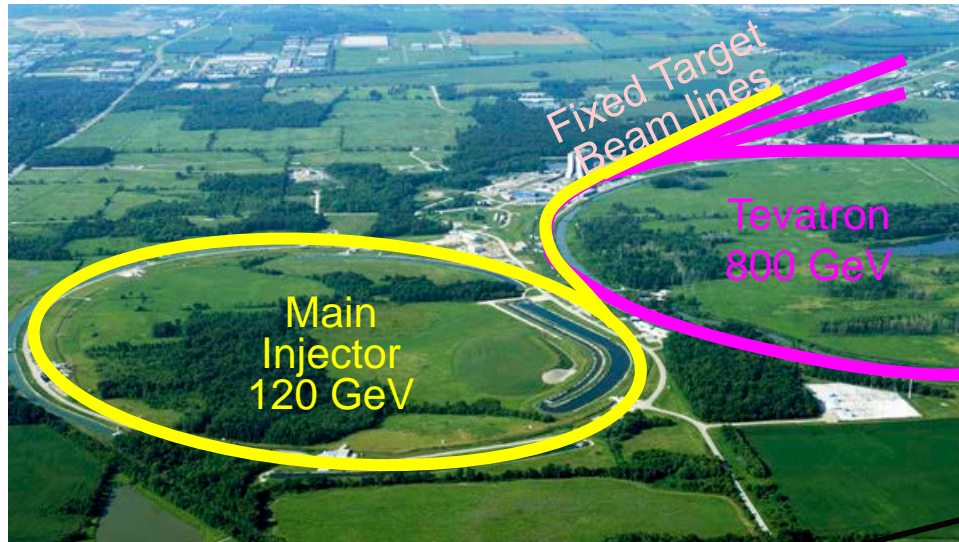
$$\frac{\sigma^{pd}}{2\sigma^{pp}} \sim \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{\bar{d}(x_2)}{\bar{u}(x_2)} \right]$$

with CTEQ5M

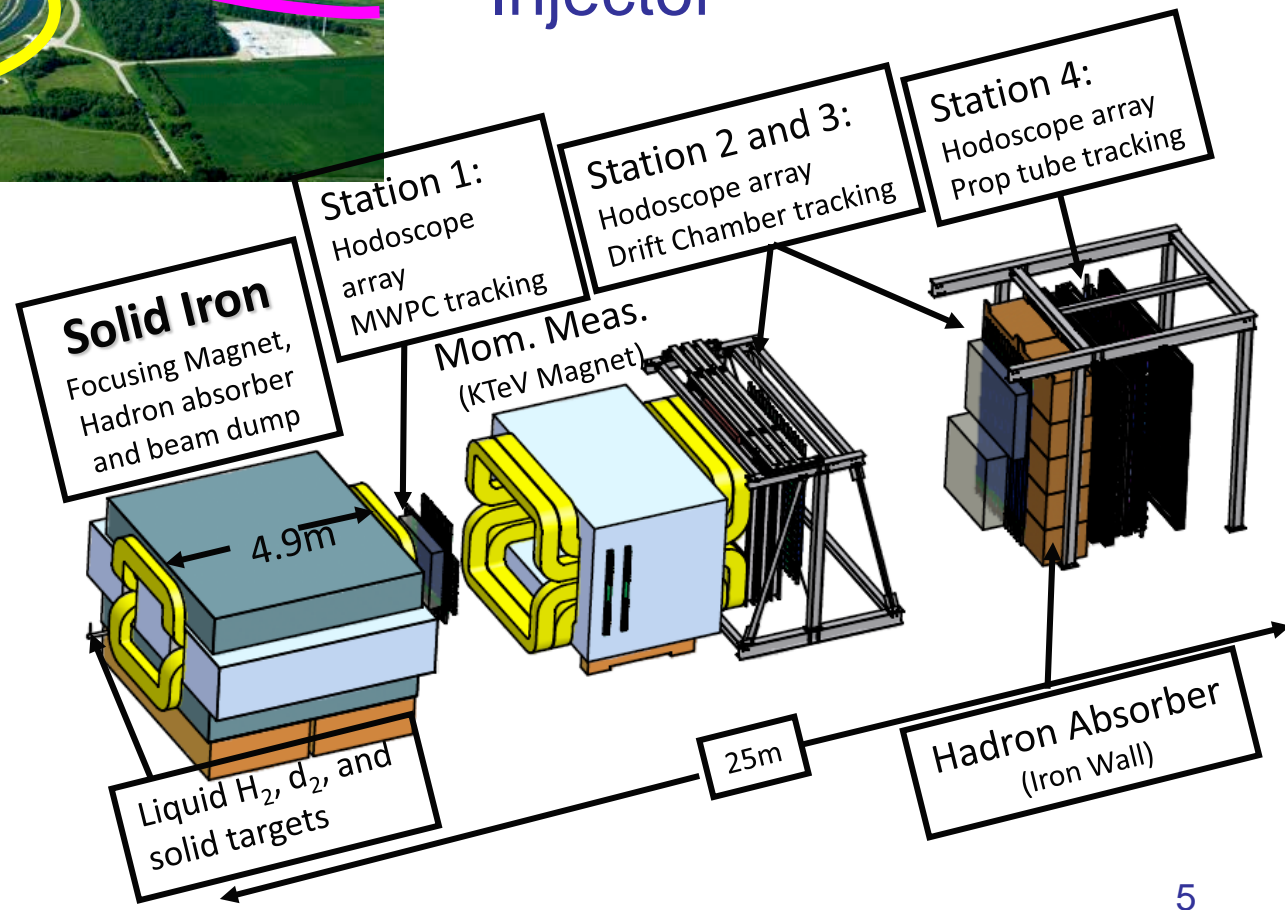
$$\int_{0.015}^{0.35} dx [\bar{d}(x) - \bar{u}(x)] = 0.0803 \pm 0.011$$

$$\int_0^1 dx [\bar{d}(x) - \bar{u}(x)] = 0.118 \pm 0.012$$

Fermilab-E906/SeaQuest experiment



- Dimuon measurement from Drell-Yan process
- 120-GeV proton beam from the Fermilab Main Injector

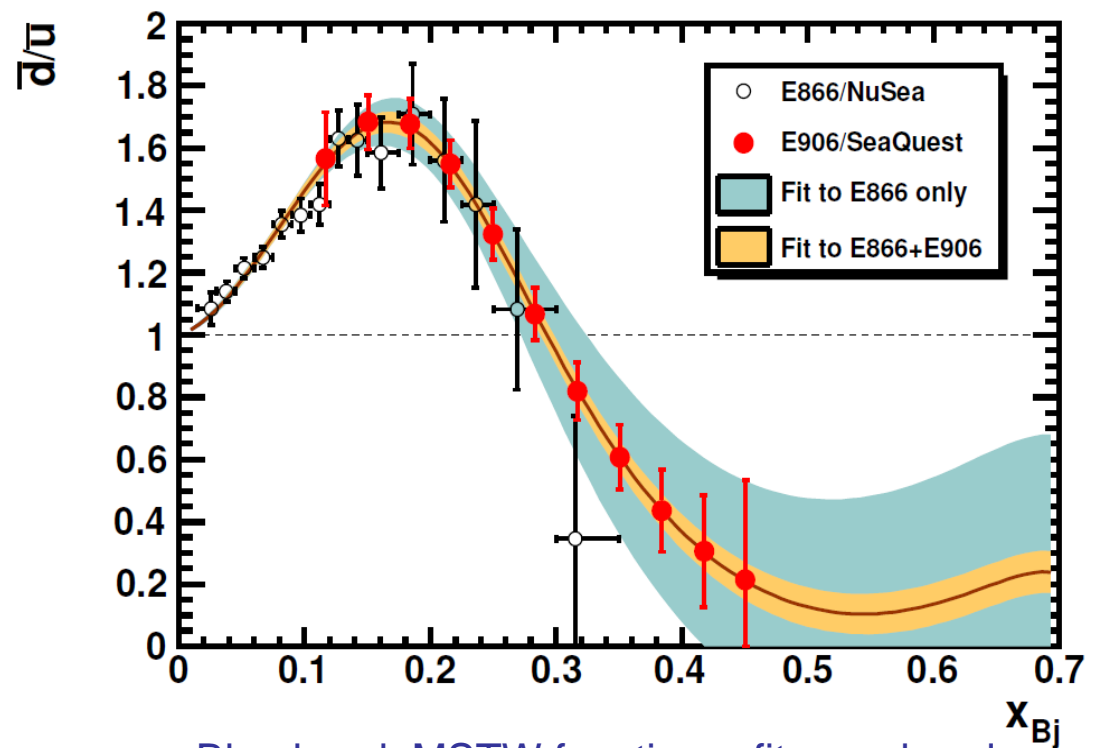
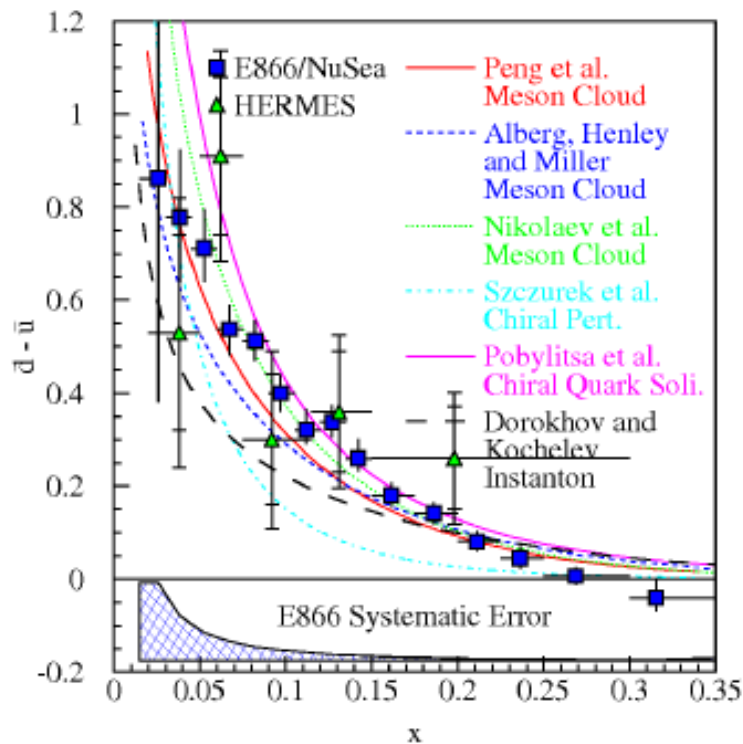


Fermilab-E906/SeaQuest experiment

- Nucleon structure
 - With hydrogen and deuterium targets
 - Select anti-quark distributions in hadrons
 - Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark distributions
 - Boer-Mulders distribution
- Cold Nuclear Matter (CNM)
 - With nuclear targets
 - Partonic energy loss
 - EMC effect

Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark distribution

- Fermilab-E906/SeaQuest experiment
 - $E_{beam} = 120$ GeV (from Main Injector)
 - $x = 0.1 - 0.45$



Blue band: MSTW function refit error band with E866 data
 Yellow band: error band with E866 data + E906 expected statistics

Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark distribution

- Competition between

- perturbative QCD

- gluon dissociation $\bar{d}_{\text{split}}(x) = \bar{u}_{\text{split}}(x) = \bar{q}_{\text{split}}(x)$

- non-perturbative contributions

- Meson cloud model

$$|p\rangle = (1 - a - b) |p_0\rangle + a |N\pi\rangle + b |\Delta\pi\rangle + \dots$$

- Chiral quark model

$$\langle q|\bar{q}\rangle = \left[1 - \frac{3a}{2}\right] \langle q|\bar{q}\rangle + \frac{3a}{2} \langle q\pi|\bar{q}\pi\rangle \int_0^1 [\bar{d}(x) - \bar{u}(x)] dx = \frac{2a}{3}$$

- Instanton model

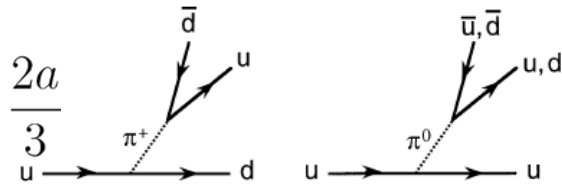
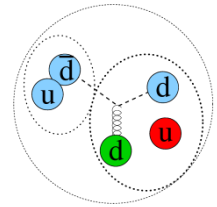
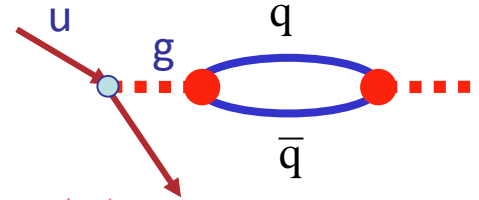


Fig. 17. Valence u quark splitting.

- π^+ in the proton as an origin of anti-d quark

- pseudo-scalar meson should have orbital angular momentum in the proton...

Drell-Yan decay angular distributions

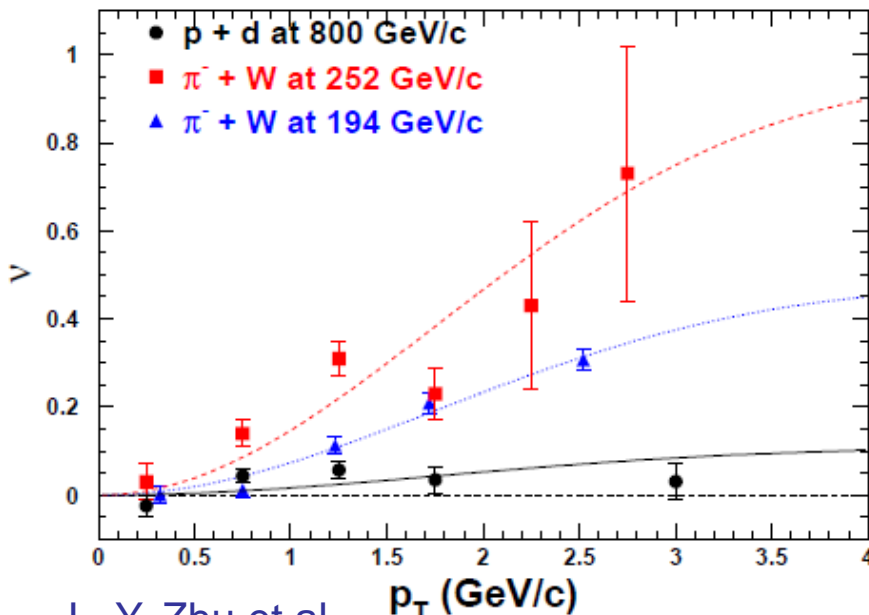
- A general expression for Drell-Yan decay angular distributions

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sigma}\right)\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right) = \left[\frac{3}{4\pi}\right] \left[1 + \lambda \cos^2 \theta + \mu \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \frac{\nu}{2} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi\right]$$

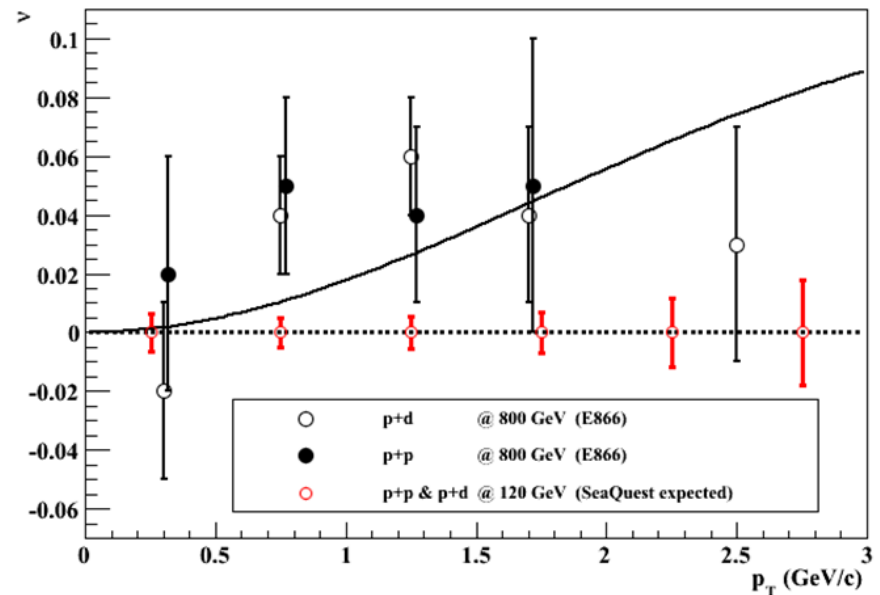
- λ can differ from 1, but should satisfy $1-\lambda=2\nu$ (Lam-Tung relation)
- Reflect the spin-1/2 nature of quarks (analog of the Callan-Gross relation in DIS)
- Insensitive to QCD corrections
- Violation of the Lam-Tung relation
 - $\nu \neq 0$ and ν increases with p_T
 - Violation of the Lam-Tung relation suggests new mechanisms with non-perturbative origin

Drell-Yan decay angular distributions

- Boer-Mulders function h_1^\perp
 - Transverse-momentum dependence of transversely-polarized partons inside the (unpolarized) nucleon
- Small v is observed for p+d and p+p
 - $\pi^- + W$: [valence $h_1^\perp(\pi)] \otimes [\text{valence } h_1^\perp(p)]$
 - p+d and p+p: [valence $h_1^\perp(p)] \otimes [\text{sea } h_1^\perp(p)]$



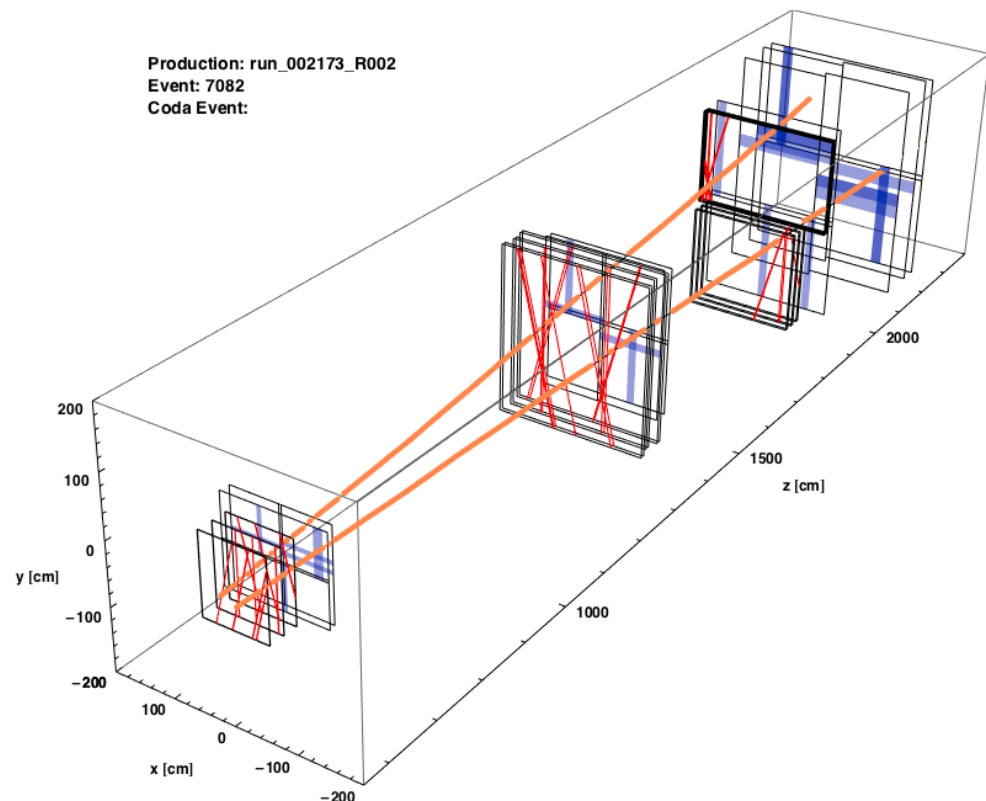
L. Y. Zhu et al.,
Phys. Rev. Lett. 99 (2007) 082301
Phys. Rev. Lett. 102 (2009) 182001



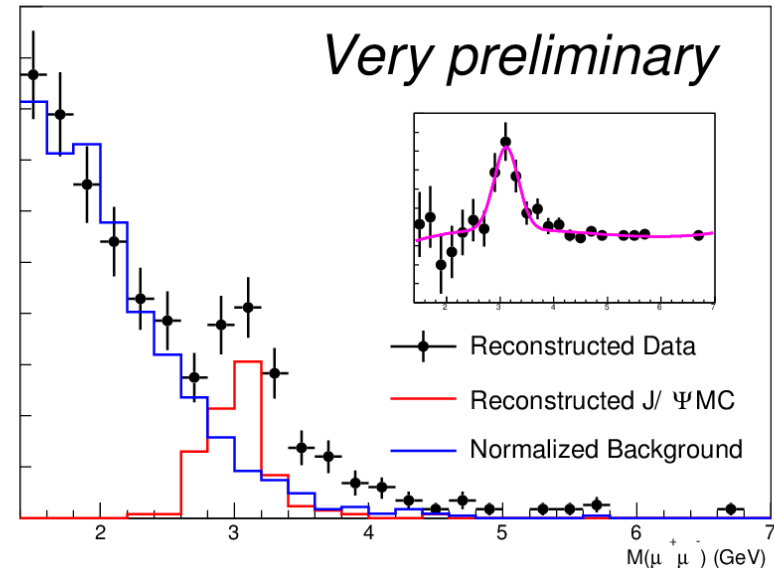
Error profile for SeaQuest statistics

SeaQuest commissioning run

- February 22nd – April 30th, 2012
 - 120 GeV/c proton beam, 19 ns interval (53 MHz)
 - Beam intensity: 1.0×10^{12} proton/spill (5 s spill at 1 minute interval)
 - Target: H₂, empty flask, D₂, Fe, C, W
- Unstable beam bunch intensity
 - Feedback control of the beam extraction magnet (accelerator group under construction)
 - Trigger veto against high intensity bunch (prototype test)



- Commissioning run
 - Dimuon mass distribution
 - Mass resolution at J/ψ peak ~ 0.3 GeV/c^2 almost consistent with hardware specification
 - Improvement of the track reconstruction algorithm underway
- Coming physics run
 - Main injector upgraded
 - Extraction beam line commissioning ongoing
 - Beam to the SeaQuest experiment late October, 2013
 - 2 year data accumulation (2013-2015) for 1.0×10^{19} protons on target
 - Beam intensity: 1.0×10^{13} protons/spill (5s spill at 1 minute interval)

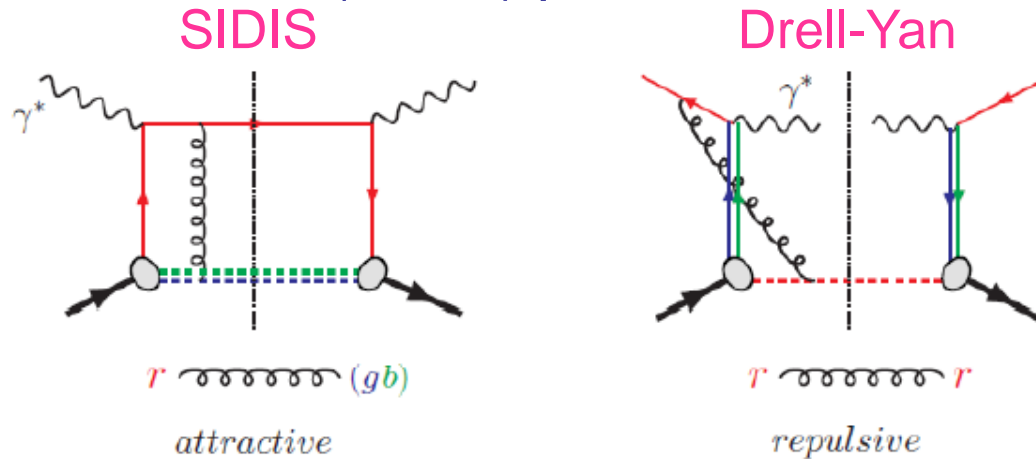


Polarized Drell-Yan experiment

- Toward understanding of the “Spin Puzzle” with extended picture of the nucleon structure
 - 3-dimensional description of the nucleon structure
 - Quantum many-body correlation of quarks and gluons
 - Transverse quark-gluon distribution inside the nucleon
 - TMD (Transverse-Momentum Dependence) factorization and collinear higher-twist factorization
 - Transverse-momentum distribution inside the nucleon
- Single transverse-spin asymmetry
 - Sivers function
 - Transversity
 - Boer-Mulders function
- Double transverse-spin asymmetry
 - Transversity (quark \otimes antiquark for p+p collisions)
- Double helicity asymmetry
 - Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark polarization

Non-universality of TMD distribution function

- Opposite-sign contribution of TMD distribution function to SSA in semi-Inclusive DIS (SIDIS) process and Drell-Yan process

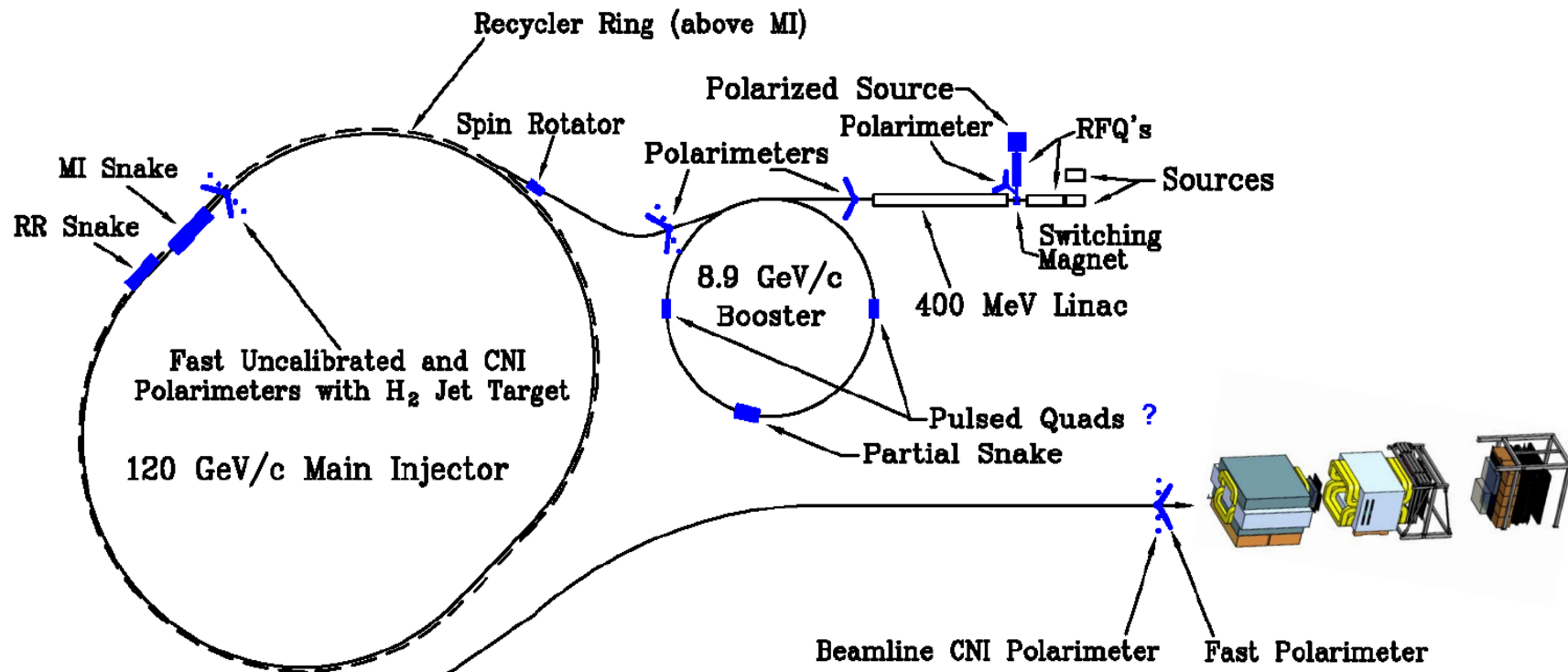


$$f_{1T}^{\perp q}|_{\text{SIDIS}} = -f_{1T}^{\perp q}|_{\text{DY}}$$

- Fundamental property based on gauge invariance of QCD
- Experimental verification required
 - Understanding in wide kinematic range from fixed target experiments to collider experiments
 - Polarized Drell-Yan experiments
 - COMPASS, SeaQuest, RHIC(, GSI-FAIR, NICA, ...)
 - Polarized SIDIS experiments
 - EIC

Polarized Drell-Yan experiment P1027

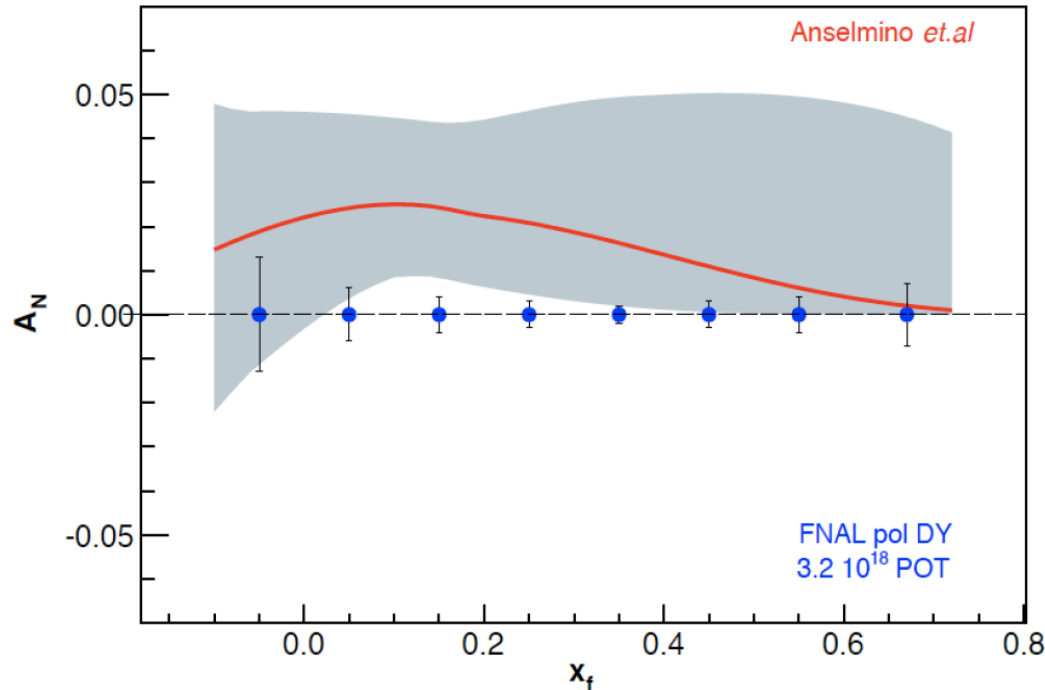
- Polarized beam experiment
 - May 18th, 2012 proposal submitted
 - November 14th, 2012 stage-1 approval



Polarized Drell-Yan experiment P1027

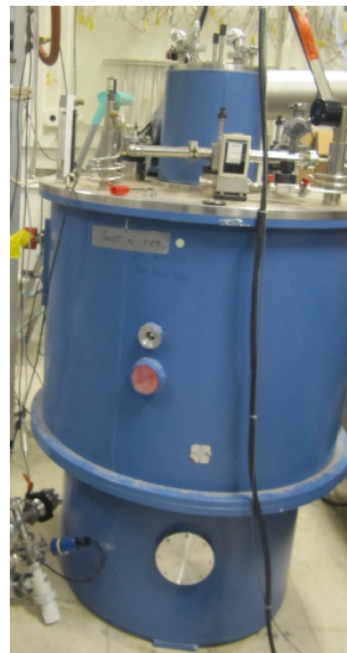
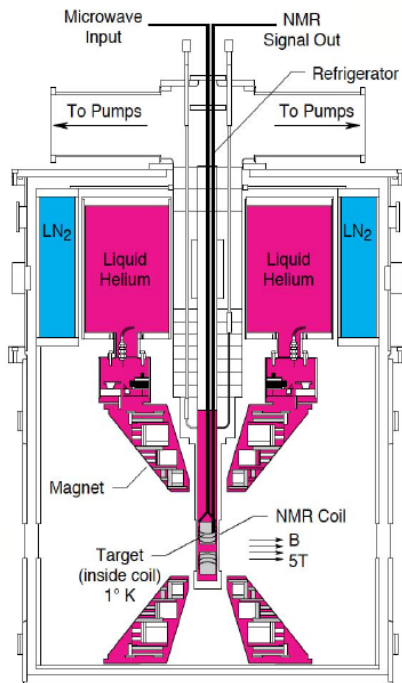
- Clean measurement of sign and shape of Sivers distributions to compare DIS and Drell-Yan
- 3.2×10^{18} POT
- Red curve: prediction from SIDIS data (HERMES & COMPASS)

$$A_N \equiv \frac{N^\uparrow - N^\downarrow}{N^\uparrow + N^\downarrow} \propto \frac{f_{1T}^{\perp,u}(x_B) \cdot \bar{u}(x_T)}{u(x_B) \cdot \bar{u}(x_T)}$$

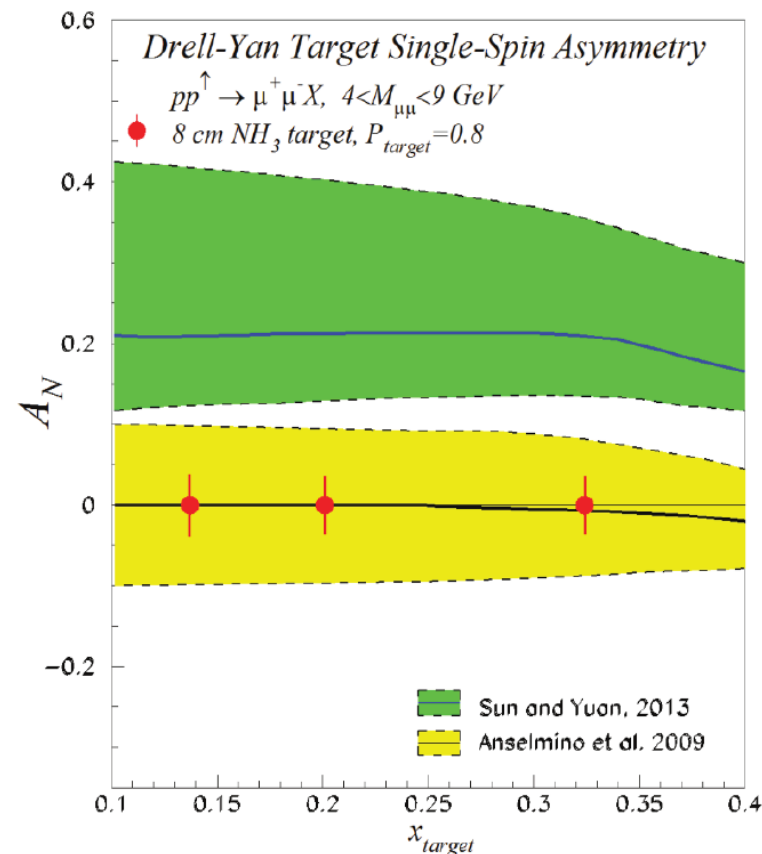


Polarized Drell-Yan experiment P1039

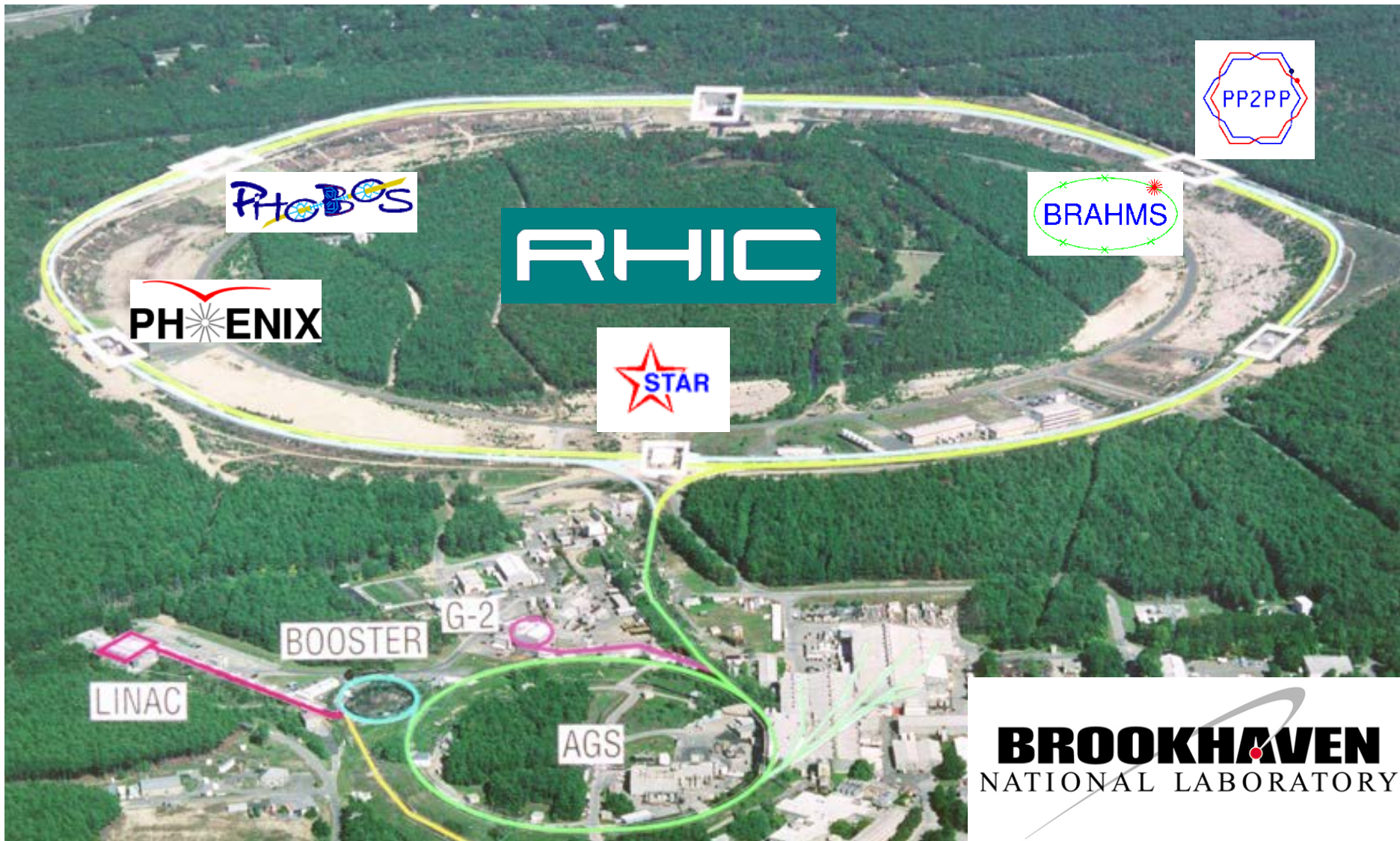
- Polarized target experiment
 - May 6th, 2013 Lol submitted
 - June 26th, 2013 stage-1 approval
- Polarized target R&D at LANL
 - LANL LDRD project FY2013-2016



$$A_N \equiv \frac{N^\uparrow - N^\downarrow}{N^\uparrow + N^\downarrow} \propto \frac{u(x_B) \cdot f_{1T}^{\perp, \bar{u}}(x_T)}{u(x_B) \cdot \bar{u}(x_T)}$$

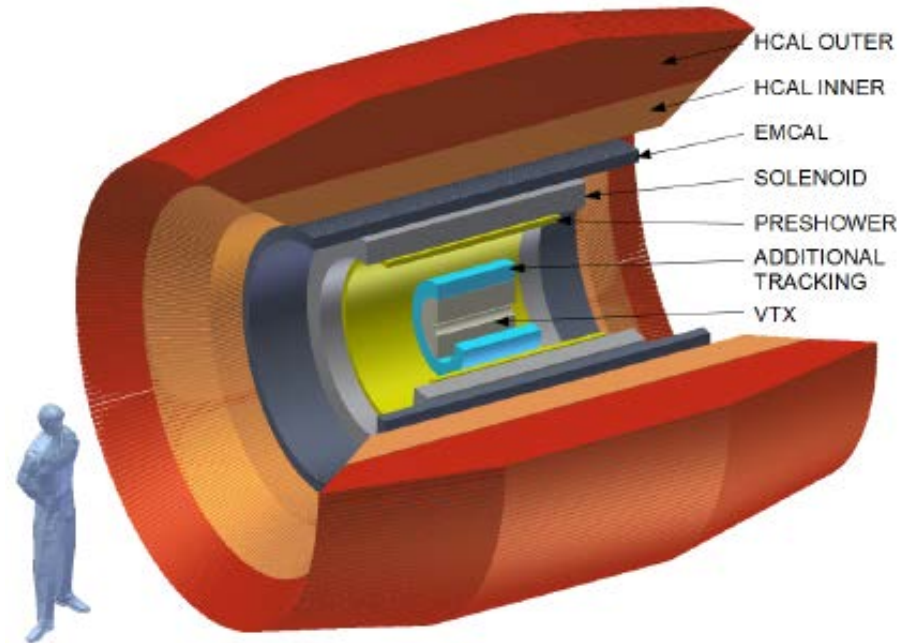


RHIC



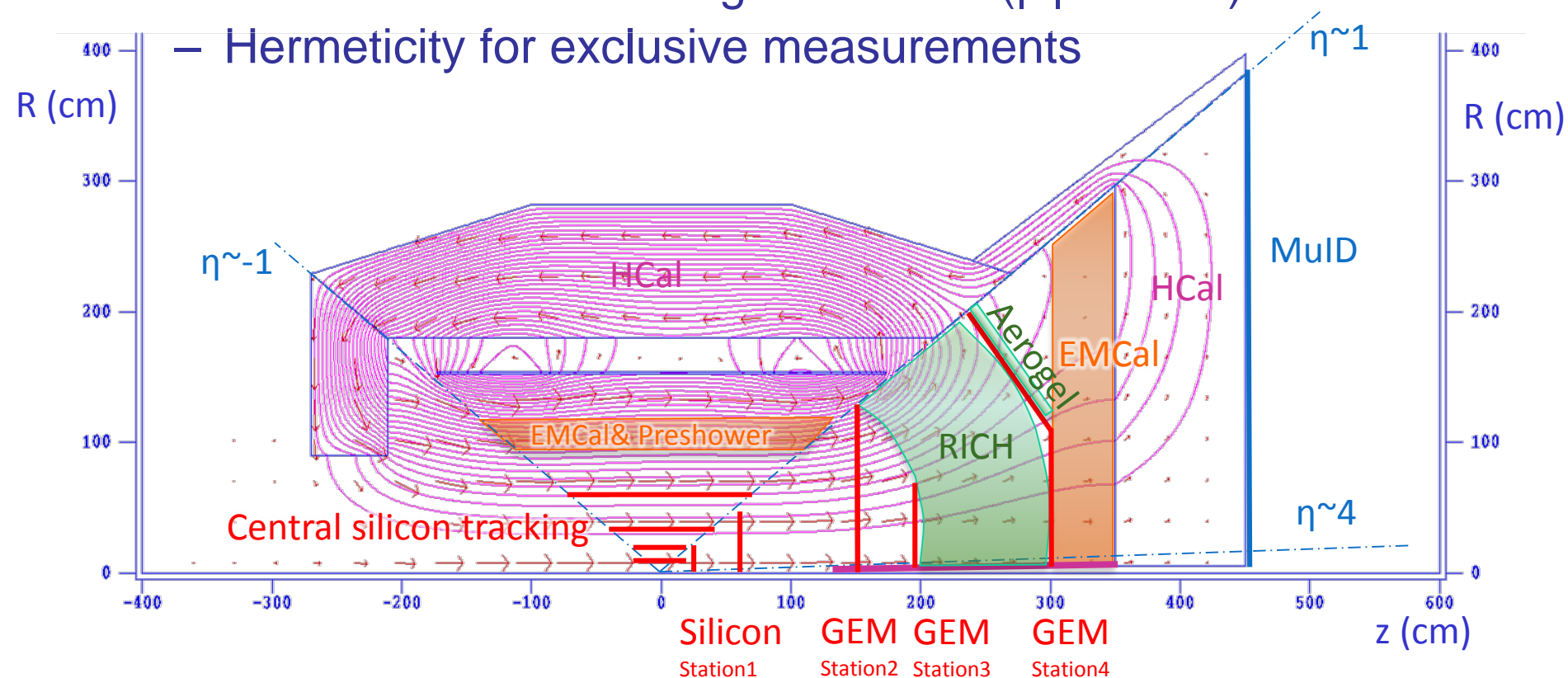
Detector upgrade project at PHENIX

- sPHENIX
 - Barrel upgrade
 - Compact jet detector
 - Extension of tracking layers and preshower detector
 - Forward upgrade
 - Partial installation and commissioning in 2018-2019
 - Completion and experiment in 2021-2022
- ePHENIX at eRHIC
 - Transition to eRHIC in 2023-2024
 - Commissioning and experiment start in 2025



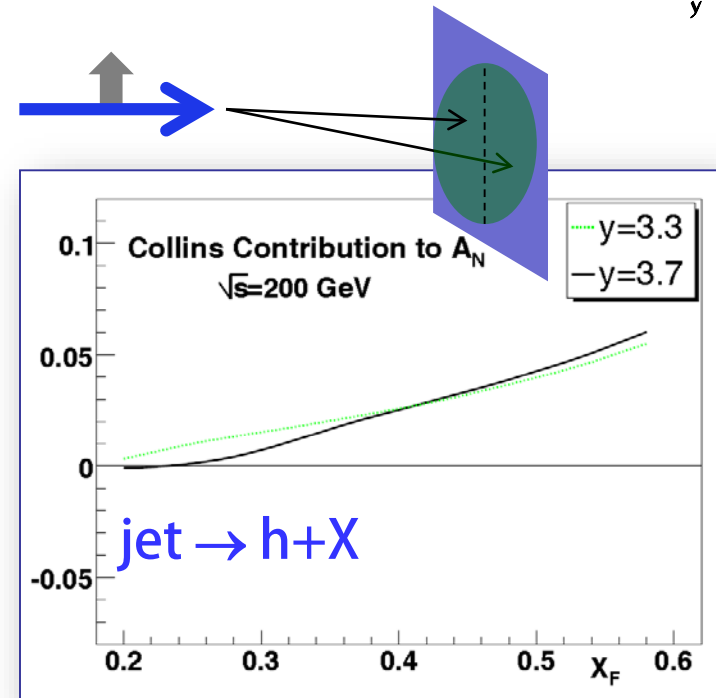
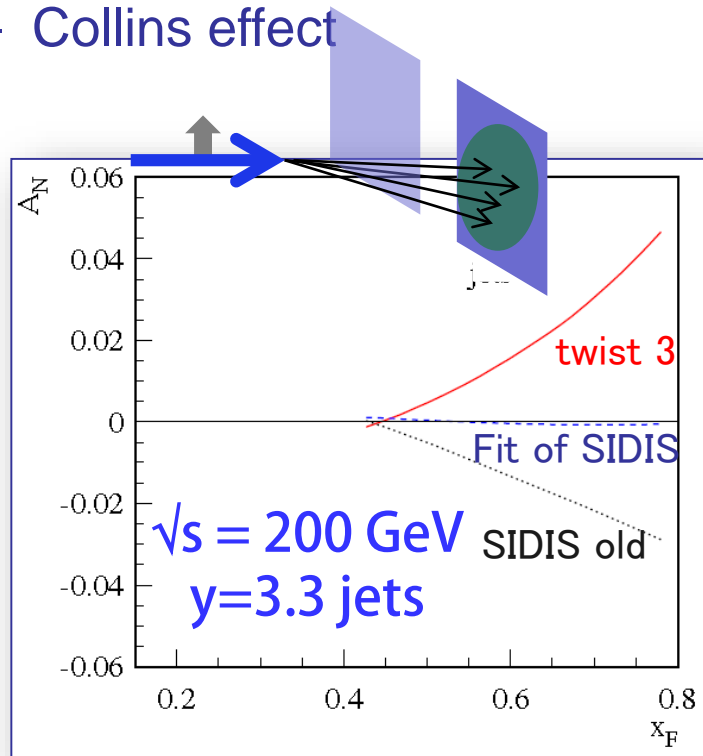
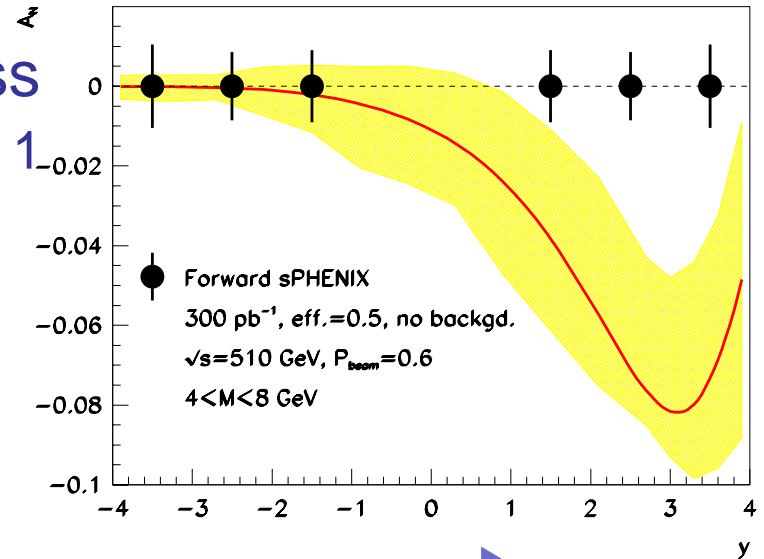
sPHENIX forward upgrade

- Open geometry
 - Wide kinematic coverage of photon, jet, leptons and identified hadrons
- Compatible design for eRHIC detector (ePHENIX)
 - Constraint from IR design of eRHIC ($|z| < 4.5\text{m}$)
 - Hermeticity for exclusive measurements

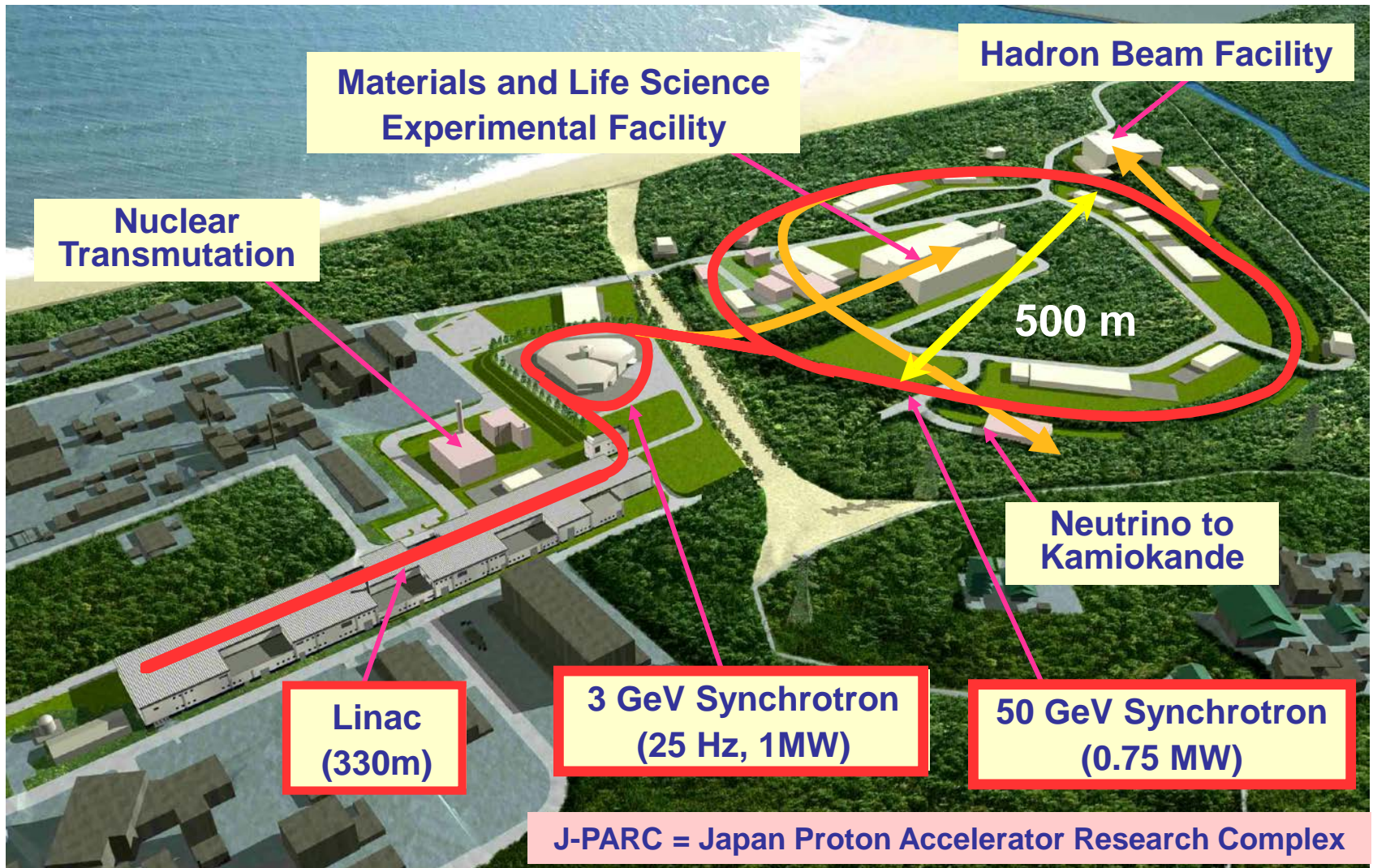


*s*PHENIX forward upgrade

- Sivers effect in Drell-Yan process
 - Valence quark region at $x \sim 0.2$ with $1 < \eta < 4$ coverage
- Jet asymmetry
 - Sivers effect or higher-twist effect
- Asymmetry inside of jets
 - Collins effect



J-PARC facility



Joint Project between KEK and JAEA

J-PARC proposal/Lol

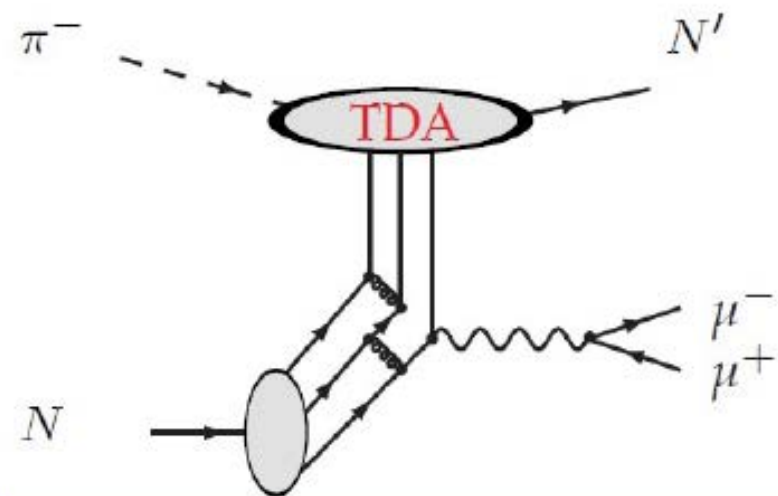
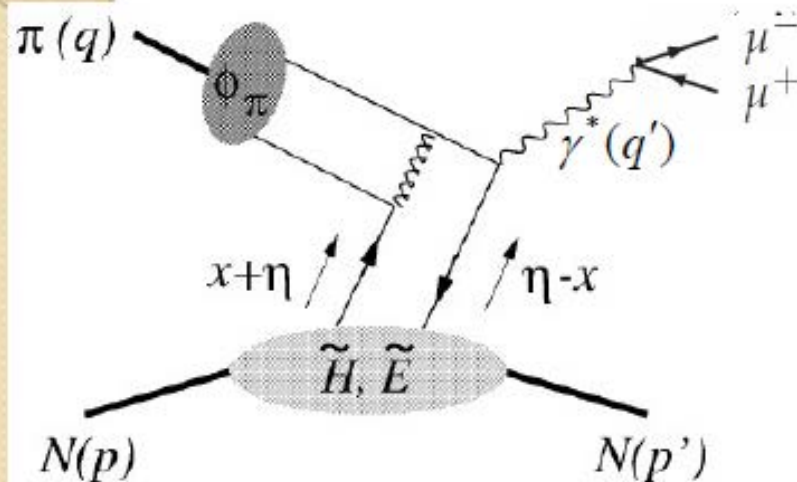
- P04: measurement of high-mass dimuon production at the 50-GeV proton synchrotron
 - “deferred”
- P12-Lol: study of parton distribution function of mesons via Drell-Yan process at J-PARC at high-p beamline
- P24: polarized proton acceleration at J-PARC
 - “no decision”
- Possible stage-1?
 - 30 GeV unpolarized proton beam & 5-20 GeV π/K beam + polarized target

Exclusive Pion-Induced Drell-Yan Process

Bernard Pire, IWHS2011

small $t = (q - q')^2$

large $t = (q - q')^2$



ϕ_π : pion distribution amplitude (DA)

- DA characterizes the minimal valence Fock state of hadrons.
- DA of pion are also explored by pion-photon transition form factor in Belle and Barbar Exps.

TDA : π -N transition distribution amplitude

- TDA characterizes the next-to-minimal valence Fock state of hadrons.
- TDA of pion-nucleon is related to the pion cloud of nucleons.

Summary

- Fermilab SeaQuest experiment
 - Unpolarized program
 - Flavor asymmetry of sea-quark distribution
 - Boer-Mulders distribution
 - Cold Nuclear Matter (CNM) effect
 - Physics run will start in late October (this month)
- Polarized Drell-Yan experiments
 - Polarized Drell-Yan proposals of Fermilab program
 - P1027 polarized beam experiment (stage-1 approval)
 - P1039 polarized target experiment (stage-1 approval)
 - PHENIX upgrade program at RHIC
 - sPHENIX barrel and forward detector upgrade under discussion
 - Possible J-PARC program
 - Exclusive Drell-Yan measurement under development